

Risk Assessment

Establishment operation from 4 January 2022: response to Coronavirus (COVID-19). Issue 5.3 (Further detail is captured in the Background and Context description below)

Section 1:

Date of Assessment:	MAT/Establishment/Section/Team: Yatton Schools – Yatton VC Infant and Yatton Cof E Juniors	Review date: (Complete once the action plan section below is addressed)		
Assessed by:	1. Jo Keeble	Date:	5/1/22	
Please print names of all those involved with this assessment.	2. Judith Ralfs		5/1/22	
	3. Consultation to staff on 5/1/22			
	4.			
Staff signatures:	1.	Date:		
I/We have read and understood this RA and our role in its	2.			
implementation.	3.			
	4.			

DS RA: Issue 6.3 Page 1 of 37		DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 1 of 37
-------------------------------	--	------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

Part A: Background and Context

This risk assessment has been developed with reference to:

- settings Covid-19 operational guidance (July 2021) settings COVID-19 operational guidance (publishing.service.gov.uk).
- Actions for early years and childcare providers during the COVID-19 pandemic (July 2021) <u>Early years and childcare:</u> coronavirus (COVID-19) GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- SEND and specialist settings: additional COVID-19 operational guidance (6 July 2021) <u>SEND and specialist settings</u> additional operational guidance: COVID-19 (publishing.service.gov.uk)

Rationale for guidance for schools from September 2021.

Government guidance has been developed on the premise that disruption to children and young people's education must be minimised. The Evidence summary: COVID-19 - children, young people and education settings - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) sets out the evidence relevant to, and in support of, the government's decision to revise the guidance on the COVID-19 safe working and protective measures that have been used within schools, colleges and early years settings in England during the pandemic.

In making this decision, the government has balanced education and public health considerations - weighing the impact of these measures on teaching, educational attainment, the health and wellbeing of children, pupils, students and staff and the functioning of schools, colleges and early years settings, against the COVID-19 risks in a context that has now fundamentally changed due to the success of the vaccination programme.

Update to above issued on 2 January 2022 (reproduced directly from the guidance).

The government continues to manage the risk of serious illness from the spread of the virus. The Prime Minister announced on 27 November the temporary introduction of new measures as a result of the Omicron variant and on 8 December that Plan B, set out in the autumn and winter plan 2021, was being enacted. As a result, these measures are reflected in this guidance for schools. This advice remains subject to change as the situation develops.

COVID-19 continues to be a virus that we learn to live with and the imperative to reduce the disruption to children and young people's education remains. Our priority is for you to deliver face-to-face, high-quality education to all pupils. The evidence is clear that being out of education causes significant harm to educational attainment, life chances, mental and physical health.

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 2 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

Delegated Services Intellectual Property. Use or copying in whole or in part is only allowed with the express permission of the CEO. Updated by LSP 3rd January 2022 We have worked closely with the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) and the United Kingdom Health Security Agency (UKHSA) to revise this guidance

As at the 4th January 2022 we are adapting this risk assessment to take into consideration advice issued by their local Public Health Team and other updates relevant to our activities and experience in practice.

Contingency Planning

Government guidance requires schools to have an Outbreak Management Plan (sometimes called contingency plan) outlining how they would operate if any of the following circumstances applied to their school or area.

- a COVID-19 outbreak within a school
- if there is extremely high prevalence of COVID-19 in the community and other measures have failed to reduce transmission
- as part of a package of measures responding to a Variant of Concern (VoC)

This includes how we would ensure every child, pupil or student receives the quantity and quality of education and care to which they are normally entitled.

If necessary we will reinstate relevant control measures from one of our 2020-21 risk assessment to address the areas set out in Contingency framework: education and childcare settings - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

Control Measures

This risk assessment addresses the essential control measures set out in the government guidance referred to above. They are as follows:

- 1. Ensure good hygiene for everyone.
- 2. Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes.

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 3 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

Delegated Services Intellectual Property. Use or copying in whole or in part is only allowed with the express permission of the CEO. Updated by LSP 3rd January 2022

- 3. Keep occupied spaces well ventilated.
- 4. Follow public health advice on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19.

We have adapted this risk assessment in consultation with relevant partners including trade union representatives where available. This risk assessment will be made publicly available to those who wish to see it.

DS RA: Issue 6.3 2nd January 2022 Page 4 of 37

Part B:

What is the Task/Activity or Environment you are assessing?	What Hazards are present or may be generated? (Use a row for each one identified)	Who is affected or exposed to hazards?	What Severity of Harm can reasonably be expected? (See Table 1)	What Precautions (Existing Controls) are already in place to either eliminate or reduce the risk of an accident happening?	What Likelihood is there of an accident occurring? (See Table 1)	What is the Risk Rating? (See Table 2 and 3)
1: ENSURE C	OOD HYGIENE FOR EVERYON	E				
Hand hygiene	Poor hand hygiene increases the likelihood of infection from coronavirus	Pupils and staff	Serious	Opportunities are provided for staff and pupils to clean their hands with hand sanitiser or with soap and water and dry thoroughly: • on arrival at school • after using the toilet • after breaks and sporting activities • before food preparation • before eating any food, including snacks • before leaving school • after sneezing/coughing. Signage about how to wash hands properly, is on display and reinforced with pupils. Supervision by staff is provided as needed.	Low	Low
Respiratory Hygiene	Poor respiratory hygiene increases the likelihood of infection from exposure to coronavirus.	Pupils and staff	Serious	Catch it, kill it, Bin it - tissues are available in all classrooms, staffroom and reception at a minimum. The message is reinforced with pupils. Covered bins are available for the disposal of used tissues.	Medium	Medium

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 5 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

2. MAINTAIN APPROPRIATE CLEANING REGIMES						
Cleaning	Person contracts COVID 19 as a result of inadequate cleaning	Pupils and staff	Serious	We have reviewed the cleaning arrangements set out below to ensure that all high risk areas are covered in our cleaning schedule. We have reviewed the cleaning specification with our cleaning contractor to ensure that this meets requirements set out in https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings Yatton Schools: Following an outbreak (5+) in any one class in the school the classroom will be anti-viral cleaning 'bombed' at the end of the day as an additional mitigation. Where our own cleaners and/or additional staff are required to undertake cleaning duties we have ensured that they have received appropriate training and are provided with PPE, as set out in guidelines above. This also applies to other staff who may be asked to carry out cleaning duties during this period. We have identified cleaning of high-risk areas to be undertaken throughout the school day to include: Door handles Kettles Taps Switches Phones Laptops / Printers and photocopiers Staffroom/ food preparation Bathrooms Surfaces that pupils are touching e.g.: toys, books, chairs, tables, doors, sinks, toilets, bannisters, light switches, etc.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 6 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

				As a minimum, frequently touched surfaces will be wiped down twice a day, and one of these should be at the beginning or the end of the working day.		
Safe use of cleaning products	Inappropriate exposure to cleaning product results in allergic reaction/ poisoning etc Storage arrangements of cleaning product change increasing potential for unauthorised 'use' by pupils.	Pupils and staff	Serious	All staff involved in cleaning duties will receive training re: safe use and storage of cleaning materials. PPE will be provided for all cleaning activities. Safety data sheets for cleaning products are available (see J Ralfs) Only recommended cleaning products will be used. Yatton Schools: Staff to ensure they keep cleaning fluids in a set place and ensure children do not use these without appropriate supervision and handwashing after use.	Low	Low
	Use of hand sanitiser: potential for improper use and ingestion.	Pupils and staff	Serious	We are providing/allowing the use of hand sanitisers that contain at least 60% alcohol. Staff supervision is provided as required. We have obtained the Safety Data Sheet for the product(s). They advise on action to be followed if the sanitiser is not used as designed i.e., a child drinks some; it gets in eyes etc. This will also help with potential reactions to the product.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 7 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

3. KEEP OCC	CUPIED SPACES WELL VENTILA	TED		We have and will secure adequate supplies of the product and provide it, especially in areas such as reception to the building(s). Hand sanitiser bottles will be cleaned as necessary to avoid clogging. Yatton Schools: Hand sanitiser bottles must be available in every class and key rooms. Staff are responsible for filling bottles and cleaning them. Hand Sanitiser will continue to be available in the main entrance hall.		
Ventilation (Open windows and doors are recommended as a means of improving air circulation within the		All premises occupants	Serious	Whilst taking into consideration the necessity to increase ventilation by improving air circulation within the building we have advised staff that window opening restrictors must not be removed. Yatton Schools: Window at height (top windows) have no restrictions. Those that do and are not likely to cause injury by access (walking into) can be opened without restriction.	Low	Low
building)	Additional doors and windows are left open compromising site security/fire safety.	All premises occupants	Serious	We have reviewed our site and identified windows and doors that could remain open without compromising fire safety/ and or security. For high-risk areas such as kitchens and boiler rooms, fire doors will be kept in the closed position. Lower risk rooms such as classrooms and offices may be propped open with removeable items - a weight or wedge. There are people present who are tasked with removing the item if the alarm goes off and at the end of the day.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 8 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	----------------------------

			Door guards etc, will continue to be used to improve circulation in the building (and also reduce the need for touching the door handles). Yatton Schools: Doors are propped open (classroom/ huts) with removable props or door guards. Fire Wardens in each area are tasked with the removal of props on their area sweep. All props removed at end of day.		
Inadequate ventilation contributes towards the spread of coronavirus. Open windows in the winter months mean that the temperature in buildings is uncomfortable.	All premises occupants	Serious	We will ensure that our building(s) is heated to a temperature whereby staff and pupils can work comfortably whilst endeavouring to ensure that there are measures in place to ensure good ventilation. This will be achieved by a variety of measures including: • mechanical ventilation systems - these have been adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply). • natural ventilation - opening windows (in cooler weather windows will be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space). Opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air. • natural ventilation - if necessary external opening doors may also be used (as long as they are not fire doors and where safe to do so). We note the following advice from HSE:	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3 2 nd January 2022 Page 9 of 37
--

			https://www.hse.gov.uk/temperature/thermal/managers.htm https://www.cibse.org/coronavirus-covid- 19/coronavirus,-sars-cov-2,-covid-19-and-hvac-systems NB: Minimum workplace temperature is 16 degrees centigrade. To balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures will also be used as appropriate: • opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts. • increasing the ventilation while spaces are unoccupied (e.g., between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) • providing flexibility to allow additional, suitable indoor clothing. Including advising staff and pupils re: the value of layering clothing. • rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct drafts		
Use of CO2 monitor. Poor positioning of CO2 monitor gives inaccurate or misleading readings	All premises occupants	Serious	We note CO2 levels vary within an indoor space. Once we have received all of the CO2 monitors due from the DfE - We will place CO2 monitors at head height and away from windows, doors, or air supply openings. Monitors will also be positioned at least 50cm away from people as their exhaled breath contains CO2. If monitors are too close, they may give a misleadingly high reading.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 10 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

			Measurements within a space can vary during the day due to changes in numbers of occupants, activities, or ventilation rates. Doors and windows being open or closed can also have an effect. The amount of CO2 in the air is measured in parts per million (ppm). If our measurements in an occupied space seem very low (far below 400ppm) or very high (over 1500ppm), it's possible our monitor is in the wrong location. We will move it to another location in the space to get a more accurate reading. Instantaneous or 'snapshot' CO2 readings can be misleading. We will take several measurements throughout the day frequently enough to represent changes in use of the room or space. Then calculate an average value for the occupied period. We note the need to repeat monitoring at different times of the year, as outdoor temperatures change, and this will affect worker behaviour relating to opening windows and doors when your space relies on natural ventilation. Our readings will help us decide if a space is adequately ventilated. We will record and retain these readings.		
Inaccurate reading of CO2 monitors leads to misinterpretation of ventilation levels within a room.	All premises occupants	Serious	 Check our monitors are calibrated before making CO2 measurements. Follow the manufacturer's instructions, including the appropriate warm-up time for the device to stabilise. 	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 11 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

			 Know how to use our portable monitors correctly, including the time needed to provide a reading. Take multiple measurements in occupied areas to identify a suitable sampling location to give a representative measurement for the space. In larger spaces it is likely that more than one sampling location will be required. Take measurements at key times throughout the working day and for a minimum of one full working day to ensure our readings represent normal use and occupancy. Record CO2 readings, number of occupants, the type of ventilation we're using at the time and the date. These numbers will help us use the CO2 records to decide if an area is poorly ventilated 		
Inadequate response to CO2 monitor readings	All premises occupants	Serious	CO2 measurements will be used as a broad guide to ventilation within a space rather than treating them as 'safe thresholds'. We note that outdoor levels are around 400ppm and indoors a consistent CO2 value less than 800ppm is likely to indicate that a space is well ventilated. An average of 1500ppm CO2 concentration over the occupied period in a space is an indicator of poor ventilation. We will take action to improve ventilation where CO2 readings are consistently higher than 1500ppm. However, where there is continuous talking or singing, or high levels of physical activity (such as dancing,	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 12 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				playing sport or exercising), providing ventilation sufficient to keep CO2 levels below 800ppm is recommended. Identifying poorly ventilated areas and using CO2 monitors (hse.gov.uk) DfE 'How to' Use CO2 monitors in education and childcare settings RP24.2 How to Use CO2 monitors in education and childcare settings.pdf - Google Drive		
4. FOLLOW	PUBLIC HEALTH ADVICE ON T	ESTING, SI	ELF ISOLATION	ON AND MANAGING CONFIRMED CASES OF COVI	D-19	
Engagement with the NHS Test and Trace Process. Access to testing	Failure to follow PHE/ NHS Test and Trace procedures increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the school community.	Pupils and staff	Serious	Relevant staff understand the NHS Test and Trace process and how to contact their local Public Health England health protection team. Anyone identified by NHS Test and Trace as needing to self-isolate will not be permitted to enter school premises. Where necessary we will direct members of the school community with symptoms of coronavirus to Get a free PCR test to check if you have coronavirus (COVID-19) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) Home test kits are available in our school and will be offered in the exceptional circumstance that we believe an individual may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere. We note that it is for schools to determine how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils, and will therefore provide these to staff or pupils on the basis of an agreed set of criteria to be determined by the school. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-home-test-kits-for-settings-and-fe-	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 13 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				providers/coronavirus-covid-19-home-test-kits-for-settings-and-fe-providers We will ask parents and staff to inform us immediately of the results of a test.		
Contact with infected persons/ exposure to the virus within the school.	Person contracts coronavirus as a result of direct contact with an infected person (or a symptomatic person) entering the premises.	Pupils and staff	Serious	Guidance has been issued to the entire school community. If anyone in the school tests positive for COVID-19 or becomes unwell with a new and persistent cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be stay at home and are advised to follow guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection: Stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) Anyone identified by NHS Test and Trace as needing to self-isolate will not be permitted to enter school premises. NOTE: the self-isolation advice for people with coronavirus (COVID-19) has changed. It is now possible to end self-isolation after 7 days, following 2 negative LFD tests taken 24 hours apart. The first LFD test should not be taken before the sixth day. See guidance above for details and exceptions. From 14 December 2021, adults who are fully vaccinated and all children and young people aged between 5 and 18 years and 6 months identified as a contact of someone with COVID-19 are strongly advised to take a LFD test every day for 7 days and continue to	Medium	Medium

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 14 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

			attend their setting as normal, unless they have a positive test result. Daily testing of close contacts applies to all contacts who are: • fully vaccinated adults - people who have had 2 doses of an approved vaccine • all children and young people aged 5 to 18 years and 6 months, regardless of their vaccination status • people who are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons • people taking part, or have taken part, in an approved clinical trial for a COVID-19 vaccine • Children under 5 years are exempt from selfisolation and do not need to take part in daily testing of close contact. We will try to minimise mixing as much as possible in order to reduce transmission. However, to protect the delivery of education, there may be occasions when moving staff within the school or bringing in additional staff is required. In such cases we will encourage these staff to undertake an LFD test on a daily basis.		
Contact with those developing symptoms of the virus during the working day.	Pupils and staff	Serious	If a child is awaiting collection, they will be moved, via a route involving the shortest possible internal distance (i.e., including an outside route where possible) if possible, to Infant First Aid Room or Outside Benchwhere they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the child and	Medium	Medium

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 15 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

	with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window will be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, we will move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people.	
	Yatton Schools: Yatton Schools: Children will be placed in the First Aid Room with the door closed or if the weather is good on the bench outside offices. They will be attended by the HCA with appropriate PPE. The room can be fully cleaned once the child is picked up. A sign will be placed on the door to restrict entry.	
	Route Infants: Walk outside until infant hall doors then through hall to First Aid room.	
	Juniors: Walk outside until junior library entrance, walk up corridor to First Aid room.	
	Yatton Schools: The Infant disabled toilet will be used and cleaned after use. A sign will be placed on the door to prevent entry.	
	If they need to go to the bathroom while waiting to be collected, we endeavour that they will use a separate bathroom if possible (Infant disabled). The bathroom will be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else.	
	PPE will be worn by staff caring for the child while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young child or a child with complex needs).	
	In an emergency we will call 999 if they are seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. We will not suggest	

DS RA: Issue 6.3 2nd January 2022 Page **16** of **37**

				a visit to the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital. Staff are instructed to wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds after any contact with someone who is unwell. We will clean the affected area with normal household disinfectant after someone with symptoms has left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people. See https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings/		
Lateral Flow Testing (Asymptomati c testing)	Non participation in Lateral Flow Testing means that asymptomatic cases are undetected within the school community.	Pupils and staff	Serious	The opportunity for all adults in England to participate in lateral flow testing has been publicised amongst the school community. Regular rapid coronavirus (COVID-19) tests if you do not have symptoms - NHS (www.nhs.uk) Our school workforce (including regular contractors and visitors) are encouraged, and have been provided with sufficient testing kits, to participate in regular lateral flow testing at home. It is recommended that this is undertaken at least twice a week, but for those mixing within the school or attending other settings daily testing is encouraged. We will ask parents and other visitors, including peripatetic staff, to take a lateral flow device (LFD) test before entering the school. We will ask staff that are moving between groups in the school, and peripatetic staff such as supply	Medium	Medium

DS RA: Issue 6.3 2nd January 2022 Page 17 of 37	
---	--

				teachers, to take a lateral flow device (LFD) test at the start of each applicable school day. We have sufficient test kits available to provide additional kits to staff in the event they are recommended to increase the frequency of testing (eg: in the case of a local outbreak).		
	Lateral Flow Testing process is not implemented correctly leading to inaccurate results and/or inadequate follow up of positive test results	Pupils and staff	Serious	See Appendix 1 for the separate risk assessment that is in place to cover the arrangements for Lateral Flow Testing. Confirmatory PCR tests Staff or pupils with a positive LFD test result must self-isolate in line with the stay-at-home guidance. They will also need to arrange a lab-based polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test to confirm the result. If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the member of staff or pupil can return to school.	Low	Low
Management of confirmed cases of coronavirus	Failure to follow PHE/ NHS Track and Trace procedures increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the school community. Anxiety and dissent within the school community	Pupils and staff	Serious	We note that close contacts of those testing positive with coronavirus will be identified via NHS Test and Trace. We note that we may be contacted in exceptional cases to identify close contacts. We are no longer required to collect contact details, or keep records of our staff and visitors. However, we will follow advice to continue to display an NHS QR code for participants wishing to check in using the app, to support NHS Test and Trace.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 18 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

We will continue to have a system to collect (and securely store) names and contact details for those who ask to check in but do not have the app.
We will not turn visitors away if they refuse to check in.
We note the thresholds, detailed below, can be used by settings as an indication for when to seek public health advice if they are concerned. For most education and childcare settings, whichever of these thresholds is reached first:
 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period; or 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period.
We will seek public health advice if a pupil or staff member is admitted to hospital with COVID-19. Hospitalisation could indicate increased severity of illness or a new variant of concern.
Alternatively, we will call the Department for Education's existing coronavirus (COVID-19) helpline number on 0800 046 8687, and selecting option 1. The advice service is open Monday to Friday from 8am to 6pm and 10am to 4pm on Saturdays and Sundays. The call will be with a dedicated team of advisors who will inform the school of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice.
For all cases relating to staff, see the guidance for workplaces: NHS Test and Trace in the workplace Employers should call the Self-Isolation Service Hub on:

DS RA: Issue 6.3 Page 19 of 37

				020 3743 6715 as soon as they are made aware that any of their workers have tested positive. If cases amongst staff mean a setting meets the threshold, described above, employers will need to provide the 8-digit NHS Test and Trace Account ID (sometimes referred to as a CTAS number) of the person who tested positive, alongside the names of co-workers identified as close contacts. This will ensure that all workplace contacts are registered with NHS Test and Trace and can receive the necessary public health advice, including the support available to help people to self-isolate. Where applicable we will advise temporary staff of their entitlement to Test and Trace Support Payments, noting that this support is only for the temporary staff who schools decide not to engage in home working and who are not being paid during self-isolation. To be eligible for a Test and Trace Support Payment, the individual must be living in England, meet the eligibility criteria and be formally advised to self-isolate by NHS Test and Trace, who will provide the individual with an NHS Test and Trace Account ID. We will also extend this advice to parents/ carers of children who have been asked to self-isolate as they may be applicable for this payment in some cases. Claiming financial support under the Test and Trace Support Payment scheme - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)		
NHS COVID-19 App	Inadequate response to alerts provided by use of NHS COVID-19 App	Pupils and staff	Serious	We have informed all staff and students (secondary where applicable), to inform a member of staff if they receive a notification during the day that they had been in contact with a positive case. To support this, the notification itself will advise them that if they are under the age of 18, they should show the message to a trusted adult and obtain a PCR test.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 20 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				The staff member will then put in place the setting's agreed process, including making appropriate arrangements for the member of staff/student to leave the setting at the earliest opportunity to begin self-isolation (if unvaccinated staff member) or recommend that a PCR test is obtained at the earliest opportunity. Where staff are required to keep their phones in lockers etc during the working day we have advised them to turn the tracking off whilst they are not in close proximity to their phone.		
Containing any local outbreak	Disruption to pupils' education	Pupils and staff	Serious	We have developed arrangements to ensure that the education of affected groups of pupils is maintained in the event of increased restrictions or closure. This will include the provision of remote learning	Low	Low
	Parents/carers of a child with symptoms of coronavirus refuse to keep them at home.	Pupils and staff	Serious	We note government guidance: 'If a parent or carer of a pupil with coronavirus or with a suspected case of coronavirus insists on their child attending our school, we will take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in our reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with COVID-19. 'Our decision will be carefully considered in light of all the circumstances and current public health advice.'	Low	Low
	Notification to Ofsted (Early Years and childcare settings ONLY)			We note that any confirmed cases of coronavirus in the school (child or staff member), or if the school has been advised to close as a result, should be 'swiftly'		

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 21 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				reported to Ofsted through the usual notification channels.		
5. GENERAL		ī				
Use of face coverings	Failure to use face covering in crowded areas increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the school community.	Students and staff	Serious	From 2 January 2022 in line with Government recommendations, our arrangements are as follows: Early years:	Low	Low
				Early Years Settings: In early years settings, face coverings should be worn by staff and adult visitors when moving around in corridors and communal areas. Children in early years settings do not need to wear a face covering.		
				Primary: In primary schools, face coverings should be worn by staff and adults (including visitors) when moving around in corridors and communal areas. Health advice continues to be that children in primary schools should not be asked to wear face coverings		
				Yatton Schools Where adults are exempt they must maintain a 2m distance from staff. (This has been communicated to parents on 5/1/22)		
				. Pupils in these schools must also wear a face covering when travelling on public transport and should wear it on dedicated transport to and from school.		

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 22 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				All phases: We would not ordinarily expect teachers to wear a face covering in the classroom if they are at the front of the class, to support education delivery, although settings should be sensitive to the needs of individual and wishes of teachers and other staff.		
Use of face coverings: Parents/carers at school drop off/pick up Visitors to school	Failure to use face covering in areas where it is difficult to maintain social distancing increases the likelihood of exposure to coronavirus in the school community.	Pupils and staff	Serious	As part of 'Plan B' face coverings are now required in most indoor settings. We note this. In crowded outdoor areas we will also ask parents/carers to wear face coverings to promote infection control. Face coverings: when to wear one, exemptions, and how to make your own - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) This approach has been explained to parents/ carers in newsletters, via text message and is clearly signposted within the school grounds. In cases of non-compliance the member of SLT on duty will remind those not wearing masks of the requirement to do so. In the case of continued non-compliance this will be followed up by a letter reiterating our approach. Further non-compliance will lead to the headteacher sending a Final Warning Letter As a last resort the headteacher and in the case of further non-cooperation, in consultation with the Trust, will consider the potential of approaching DS and activating the 'Landlord Right' to warn the parent/carer and then, if necessary, proportionately ban them from the school site, backed by potential criminal sanction under section 547 of the Education Act 1996.	Low	Low
Safe wearing and removal of face coverings	Potential of contamination if face coverings are removed or disposed of incorrectly.	Students and staff	Serious	A process is in place for removing face coverings when those who use face coverings arrive at school, and when face coverings are worn at school in certain	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 23 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

			circumstances. This process has been communicated clearly to students and staff. Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use. Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully. Reminder training: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=adB8RW4I3o4 Staff will be instructed not to touch the front of their face covering during use or when removing it and they must dispose of temporary face coverings in a 'black bag' waste bin (not recycling bin) or place reusable face coverings in a plastic bag they can take home with them, and then wash their hands again before heading to their classroom.		
Students/ staff do not have face covering. Face covering is damaged or otherwise unsuitable for use.	Students and staff	Serious	Requirements for students to have a face covering will be communicated to parents/carers. It is reasonable to assume that staff and young people will now have access to face coverings due to their increasing use in wider society, and Public Health England has made available resources on how to make a simple face covering. However, where anybody is struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, we will take steps to have a small contingency supply available to meet such needs. No-one should be excluded from education on the grounds that they are not wearing a face covering.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 24 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

	Students, staff or visitors exempt from wearing a face covering	Students, Staff and Visitors	Serious	Some individuals are exempt from wearing face coverings. This applies to those who: • cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability • speak to or provide assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate The same exemptions will apply in our school; we will ensure that staff and students are aware of this and are sensitive to those needs. Yatton Schools: Both staff and parents who are exempt have been asked to be sensitive also to those who wear masks and maintain a 2m distance when around school or talking at classroom doors.	Low	Low
Use of transparent face coverings	Discomfort from use of transparent face coverings. Reduced likelihood of containment of virus transmission	Pupils, Staff and Visitors	Serious	We note guidance as follows: Transparent face coverings can be worn to assist communication with someone who relies on: • lip reading • clear sound • facial expression Transparent face coverings may be effective in reducing the spread of COVID-19. However, the evidence to support this is currently very limited. The benefits of transparent face coverings should be considered alongside the comfort and breathability of a face covering that contains plastic, which may mean that the face covering is less breathable than layers of cloth. Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) should fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles. Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they are not an equivalent alternative in terms of source control of virus	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 25 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				transmission. They may protect the wearer against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing the escape of smaller respiratory particles when used without an additional face covering. They should only be used after carrying out a risk assessment for the specific situation and should always be cleaned appropriately We have advised staff that face visors or shields should not routinely be worn as an alternative to face coverings. They may protect against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the wearer.		
Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (A face covering is not PPE because they are not designed to protect the wearer from infection from coronavirus).	Incorrect use exacerbates the risk of further infection.	Pupils and staff	Serious	The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. PPE is only needed in a very small number of cases including: • children, young people and students whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs should continue to receive their care in the same way Yatton Schools: PPE available in Reception and Year 1/2 Toilet areas and First Aid room. Y3 Disabled toilets for those who need to use for individual children. • if a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in school and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the child	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 26 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				or young person is necessary, then disposable gloves, a disposable apron and a fluid-resistant surgical face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn" Any staff that wish to use PPE outside of the scenarios listed above will be provided with PPE by the school on request or permitted to use their own appropriate PPE. Staff should discuss this with their line manager. We are using our local supply chains to obtain PPE. We will ensure that, staff who are likely to have to support pupils in the circumstances identified above and potentially in the administration of some first aid have access to appropriate equipment and training in its correct use and disposal. See: https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/911313/PHE_quick_guide_to_donning_doffing_PPE_standard_health_and_social_care_settings.pdf		
Staff wellbeing	Staff anxiety re: potential exposure to the virus.	All staff	Serious	Where necessary, individual discussions are held with staff to identify concerns. (NB: recognising that some could be experiencing bereavement, mental health issues, etc.). We have signposted to relevant counselling services. Including the Education Support Partnership which provides a free helpline for school staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 27 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				HR advice is available if required. We are working with the trade unions. https://www.hse.gov.uk/news/assets/docs/talking-with-your-workers.pdf		
Staff training (including induction for supply teachers and other visiting staff).	Staff are not aware or do not understand the requirements for working safely.	All staff	Serious	 Training and written instruction were provided re: operating procedures outlined in this risk assessment to all staff on September 6th 2021 and 5th January 2022 This includes: What to do if they suspect that they or a member of their household has coronavirus (including testing arrangements), Day to day organisations and procedures including arrangements for cleaning, Procedures to follow if they suspect that a child in their group is displaying coronavirus symptoms, Site security and fire safety including evacuation and lockdown procedures. Use of PPE (where applicable). 	Low	Low
Individual staff requirements	Concerns from staff in identified work groups	Clinically extremely vulnerable	Fatal/ Major	We have taken note of government guidance issued on 24/12/21, namely: Guidance on protecting people who are clinically extremely vulnerable from COVID-19 - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) We will continue to discuss with CEV employees how they can be supported to carry out their duties in the workplace. We note that the government's 'Plan B' arrangements from 13 December recommend that office workers who can work from home should do so. Anyone who cannot	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 28 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				work from home, such as those involved in the face-to-face provision of education, should continue to go to their place of work. Guidance for schools states that 'School leaders are best placed to determine the workforce required to meet the needs of their pupils. School leaders will need to consider whether it is possible for specific staff undertaking certain roles to work from home without disrupting to face-to-face education.'		
	Concerns from staff in identified work groups	Pregnant women	Serious	We will follow the specific <u>guidance for pregnant</u> <u>employees</u> because pregnant women are considered CV. In some cases, pregnant women may also have other health conditions that mean they are considered CEV, where the advice for clinically extremely vulnerable staff will apply. We will follow the same principles for pregnant pupils, in line with our wider health and safety obligations. NB Further <u>guidance and advice on coronavirus (COVID-19) and pregnancy from the Royal College of Gynaecologists</u> .	Low	Low
Use of volunteers	Potential for the introduction of coronavirus into the school	Pupils & Staff	Serious	Volunteers may be used to support the work of the school, as would usually be the case. All volunteers will be expected to follow our control measures to reduce the spread of coronavirus.	Medium	Medium
Management of expectations within the school community	Anxiety within the school's community re: prevalence and effectiveness of infection control measures.	All members of the school community	Serious	Our communication with parents and pupils prior to our return in September 2021 and in January 2022 will include information about the control measures within this risk assessment. Government guidance for parents is available at: What parents and carers need to know about early years providers, settings and colleges - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 29 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

Individual pupil medical requirements	Increased likelihood of serious illness resulting from exposure to coronavirus.	Extremely clinically vulnerable pupils (shielded)	Fatal/ Major	All CEV pupils should attend school unless they are one of the very small number of pupils under paediatric or other specialist care and have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend. Where a pupil is unable to attend our school because they are complying with clinical or public health advice, we will immediately offer them access to remote education. We will keep a record of, and monitor engagement with, this activity but this does not need to be formally recorded in the attendance register. Where children are not able to attend our school, as parents are following clinical and/or public health advice, absence will not be penalised.	Low	Low
Provision of first aid	Inadequate first aid treatment exacerbates injury or pre-existing conditions.	Pupils and staff	Serious	We will revert to our substantive risk assessment which includes control measures to ensure that suitably qualified staff are available at all times. We will ensure a member of staff with a full PFA certificate is on site at all times when children are present, as set out in the EYFS.	Low	Low
Administratio n of medication	Illness or injury to those who are unable to access their medication	Pupils and staff	Fatal/ major	School procedures for the administration of prescription and controlled medication will continue to apply.	Low	Low
Lettings	School control measures re: cleaning etc are compromised leading to increased risk of infection, expense and possible reputational damage.	Pupils Staff Wider community	Serious	We will ensure that all users of our premises adhere to the control measures set out in this risk assessment. This will include ensuring that effective cleaning is maintained and additional ventilation measures do not compromise site security.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 30 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				Where opening up school leisure facilities for external use, we will do so in line with government guidance on working safely during coronavirus (COVID-19) for providers of grassroots sport and gym or leisure facilities.		
	Failure to support NHS Test and Trace	Pupils Staff Wider community	Serious	We are no longer required to collect participants' contact details, or keep records of our staff and visitors. However, we will follow advice to continue to display an NHS QR code for participants wishing to check in using the app, to support NHS Test and Trace. We will continue to have a system to collect (and securely store) names and contact details for those who ask to check in but do not have the app. We will not turn participants away if they refuse to check in.	Low	Low
Educational visits	Exposure to infection from inadequate control measures etc	Pupils and staff	Serious	We will follow local Public Health advice and liaise closely with our transport provider and intended hosts then undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits to ensure they can be undertaken safely. As part of this risk assessment, we will consider what control measures need to be used to reduce the risk of exposure to coronavirus and follow wider advice on visiting indoor and outdoor venues. OEAP National Guidance will be followed (see Contents (oeapng.info)) NB - give careful consideration to any restrictions in place in other home nations - Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.		Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 31 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				We note that from September 2021 any international visits that have previously been deferred or postponed may take place subject to wider international travel restrictions. We note government recommendation (2/1/22) to consider whether to go ahead with planned international educational visits at this time, recognising the risk of disruption to education resulting from the need to isolate and test on arrival back into the UK. (Refer to the Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office travel advice and the guidance on international travel before booking and travelling. You are advised to ensure that any new bookings have adequate financial protection in place. You should speak to either your visit provider, commercial insurance company, or the risk protection arrangement (RPA) to assess the protection available. Independent advice on insurance cover and options can be sought from the British Insurance Brokers' Association (BIBA) or Association of British Insurers (ABI). Any school holding ATOL or ABTA refund credit notes may use these credit notes to rebook educational or international visits)		
School Reception areas	Exposure to infection from inadequate control measures: visitors to school.	Pupils and staff	Serious	Signage has been erected to advise visitors of hygiene protocols. Staff signing in arrangements - sanitiser available to clean hands after use. Hand sanitiser will be provided to all persons entering premises with signage to explain control measures etc.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 32 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				We are no longer required to collect contact details, or keep records of our staff and visitors. However, we will follow advice to continue to display an NHS QR code for participants wishing to check in using the app, to support NHS Test and Trace. We will continue to have a system to collect (and securely store) names and contact details for those who ask to check in but do not have the app. We will not turn visitors away if they refuse to check in.		
	Violence and aggression towards school staff causes injury and distress	Pupils and staff	Serious	We will maintain transparency and regular contact with all members of the school community. Regular briefings/updates for all staff so that they are aware of school response to the COVID 19 virus and can communicate consistently to those who ask. Readiness to deploy the range of behaviour remedies if behaviour becomes unacceptable from warning to full banning from site/sect 547 warnings/action.	Low	Low
After school and Breakfast Clubs	Appropriate control measures are not practised at Breakfast and Afterschool Club thus increasing the risk of infection within the school community.	All members of the school community	Serious	Updated guidance for operating may be found as follows: Protective measures for holiday or after-setting clubs and other out-of-setting settings for children during the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) Where school is the provider: Control measures re: hygiene, cleaning, ventilation etc. set out above will be followed. Yatton School: September 2021 Organisation doc. On-going review of how children are organised within the clubs according to number of cases in year groups/	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 33 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

				classes. This will be part of the dynamic risk assessment associated with and outbreak situation (5+ cases in a group).		
Large gatherings e.g. Assemblies, parent evenings, staff meeting or School Performances	Exposure to and increased opportunity for transmission of coronavirus within the school community.	All members of school community	Serious	Large gatherings such as assemblies, staff meetings or school performances can now take place. However, we recognise the high infection at the current time and as a result will ensure additional mitigations such as face coverings, 2 metres social distancing, additional ventilation etc at such events between groups that don't normally mix. Where additional mitigations cannot be maintained the event may be cancelled or moved online. Performances in schools can take place in front of live audiences, subject to Covid-secure measures being in place. See the Government's guidance on performing arts for more advice. Events and attractions - Working safely during coronavirus (COVID-19) - Guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) In deciding whether to admit parents/ carers to a school performance we will: Consider holding the performance outside Ask parents/carers to carry out a Lateral Flow Test at home prior to attending and/or produce a 'COVID Passport' (if relevant attendance thresholds are met - see below). Limit numbers and space out seating to provide 2m social distancing. Ask the audience to wear face coverings.	Low	Low

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 34 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

	Ensure the performance space is well ventilated.
	Mandatory certification Schools are not required to use the NHS COVID Pass, unless they are holding a specific event (such as a reception, concert or party) that meets the attendance thresholds. Where applicable, schools should follow guidance on mandatory certification for events. Under 18s are exempt from showing their COVID Status but should be counted towards attendance thresholds. You should not use the NHS COVID Pass as a condition of entry for education or related activities such as exams, teaching, extra-curricular activities or any other day-to-day activities that are part of education or training. Using your NHS COVID Pass for travel abroad and at venues and settings in England - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

Action plan:

you need to Control? (Medium to high from the risk rating above)	either eliminate or reduce the risk to an acceptable level?	for implementing these controls?	controls to be	When were these controls implemented (Date)?
Use of Volunteers	Letter out to all volunteers/ supply staff/ other regular visitors to school	JK	January 2022	

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 35 of 37
DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 35 of 37

Delegated Services Intellectual Property. Use or copying in whole or in part is only allowed with the express permission of the CEO. Updated by LSP 3rd January 2022

Non-participation in LFD testing	Lack of tests available for staff. Order put in to DFE in December - awaiting delivery.	JK	January 2022	
	Training video for all staff alongside Risk Assessment consultation	JK	10 th January 2022	
CO2 Monitors	Complete set up and monitoring around site (order was not complete before Dec- wires missing.)	JR	January 2022	

Table 1: Definitions

Potential Severity of Harm	Meaning of the harm description	Likelihood/Probability of Harm	Meaning of likelihood/probability
Fatal/Major Injury Death, major injuries or ill health causing long term disability/absence from work.		High (Likely/probable)	Occurs repeatedly/ to be expected.
Serious Injury	Injuries or ill health causing short-term disability/absences from work (over three days absence)	Medium (possible)	Moderate chance/could occur sometimes.
Minor Injury	Injuries or ill health causing no significant long-term effects and no significant absence from work.	Low (unlikely)	Not Likely to occur

Table 2: Risk rating matrix: Potential severity of harm + Likelihood/ probability of Harm = Risk rating

High (Likely/Probable)		Medium (Possible)	Low (Unlikely)
Fatal/Major Injury	VERY HIGH	HIGH	MEDIUM
Serious Injury	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW

DS RA: Issue 6.3	2 nd January 2022	Page 36 of 37
------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

Minor Injury MEDIUM LOW LOW

Table 3: Action required: Key to ranking and what action to take

VERY HIGH Risk	STOP ACTIVITY! Take action to reassess the work/activity and apply reduction hierarchy before proceeding.
HIGH Risk	Action MUST be taken as soon as possible to reduce the risks and before activity is allowed to continue.
MEDIUM Risk	Implement all additional precautions that are not unreasonably costly or troublesome within an agreed timeframe. Reduce risk to a tolerable level.
LOW Risk	Monitor and review your rolling programme.